

7th foundation +

①

WS-4

Task

①

velocity of bullet $v = 120 \text{ m/sec}$

distance $d = 200 \text{ m}$

$$\text{Time} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{velocity}} = \frac{200}{120} = \frac{5}{3} = 1.67 \text{ sec}$$

②

distance between sun and earth $= 1.6 \times 10^8 \text{ km}$

Time $= 400 \text{ sec}$

$$\text{Velocity} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{Time}} = \frac{1.6 \times 10^8}{400} = \frac{16 \times 10^5}{4}$$

$$= 4 \times 10^5 \text{ km/sec}$$

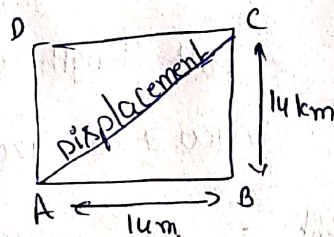
③

Distance $= 28 \text{ km}$

Time $= 7 \text{ sec}$

$$\text{Speed} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}} = \frac{28}{7} = 4 \text{ km/sec}$$

④



Displacement $=$ length of diagonal

$$= \sqrt{14^2 + 14^2}$$

$$= 14\sqrt{2}$$

$$\text{velocity} = \frac{\text{Displacement}}{\text{time}} = \frac{14\sqrt{2}}{7} = 2\sqrt{2} \text{ km/sec}$$

⑤

$$\text{Distance} = 2 \text{ km} = 2000 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Time} = 5 \text{ min.} = 5 \times 60 = 300 \text{ sec}$$

$$\text{speed} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Time}} = \frac{2000}{300} = \frac{20}{3} = 6.66 \text{ m/sec}$$

⑥

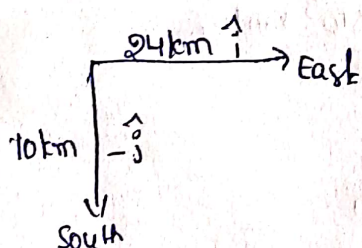
East, west are represented by the unit vectors $\hat{i}, -\hat{i}$
 South is represented by the unit vector $-\hat{j}$.

$\therefore$ The displacement of a student = $2\hat{i} - \cancel{2\hat{i}} - 2\hat{j} = -2\hat{j}$

$$|\text{displacement}| = \cancel{2}$$

$$|\text{displacement}| = |-2\hat{j}| = 2 \text{ km}$$

⑦

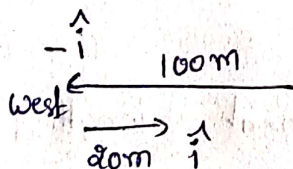


$$\begin{aligned} \text{Distance} &= \text{Path length covered} \\ &= 10 \text{ km} + 24 \text{ km} = 34 \text{ km.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Displacement} = 24\hat{i} - 10\hat{j}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |\text{displacement}| &= \sqrt{(24)^2 + (-10)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{576 + 100} = \sqrt{676} = 26 \text{ km} \end{aligned}$$

⑧



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Distance} &= \text{Path length covered} \\ &= 100 + 20 = 120 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Displacement} &= -100\hat{i} + 20\hat{i} \\ &= -80\hat{i} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow |\text{Displacement}| = |-80\hat{i}| = 80 \text{ m.}$$

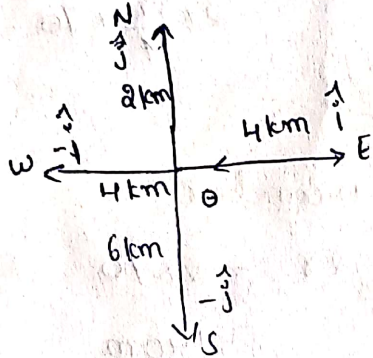
(9)



For one circle distance covered = path length
= 1600m

Displacement = 0

(10)



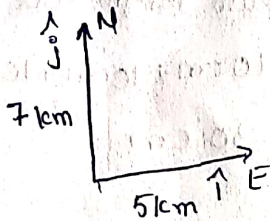
Total distance covered = path length

$$= 2 + 4 + 6 + 4 = 16 \text{ km}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Displacement} &= 4\hat{i} + 4(-\hat{i}) + 2(\hat{j}) + 6(-\hat{j}) \\ &= 4\hat{i} - 4\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 6\hat{j} \\ &= -4\hat{j} \end{aligned}$$

$$|\text{displacement}| = |-4\hat{j}| = 4 \text{ km}$$

(11)



Total distance covered = 5 km + 7 km = 12 km

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Displacement} &= 5\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} \\ &= \sqrt{5^2 + 7^2} = \sqrt{25 + 49} \\ &= \sqrt{74} = 8.6 \text{ km} \end{aligned}$$

(12)

(a)

$$\begin{aligned} 36 \text{ kmph} &= 36 \times \frac{5}{18} \text{ m/s} \\ &= 10 \text{ m/s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (b) \quad 15 \text{ m/s} &= 15 \times \frac{18}{5} \text{ kmph} \\ &= 54 \text{ kmph} \end{aligned}$$

(c)

$$1 \text{ km/min} = \frac{1000}{60} = 16.66 \text{ m/sec}$$

(15)

radius $r = 70\text{m}$

for one revolution

distance covered = path length covered

= Circumference of a circle

$$= 2\pi r$$

$$= 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 70 = 440\text{m}$$

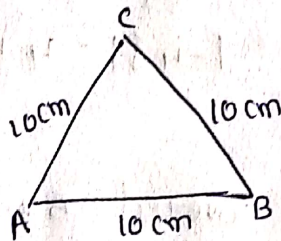
For half revolution

displacement = Diameter

$$= 2r = 2 \times 70$$

$$= 140\text{m}$$

(16)



For one rotation

Distance = path length covered

$$= 10\text{cm} + 10\text{cm} + 10\text{cm}$$

$$= 30\text{cm}$$

Displacement = 0

(17)

we know that speed $\propto \frac{1}{\text{time}}$

$$\frac{\text{speed}_1}{\text{speed}_2} = \frac{\text{time}_2}{\text{time}_1} \Rightarrow \text{time}_2 = \frac{\text{speed}_1}{\text{speed}_2} \times \text{time}_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{speed}_2 = \frac{\text{speed}_1}{\text{time}_2} \times \text{time}_1$$

$$= \frac{60}{60} \times 40$$

$$\text{speed}_2 = 40\text{ kmph}$$

(3)

(18)

$$(a) \quad 1 \text{ m/sec} = 100 \text{ cm/sec}$$

$$1 \text{ cm} = 10^{-2} \text{ m}$$

$$(b) \quad 20 \text{ cm/sec} = 0.2 \text{ m/sec}$$

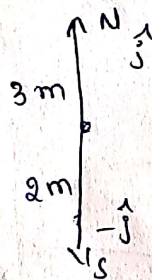
$$1 \text{ kmph} = \frac{5}{18} \text{ m/s}$$

$$(c) \quad 3 \text{ m/sec} = 3 \times \frac{18}{5} \text{ kmph} \\ = 10.8 \text{ kmph}$$

$$(d) \quad 18 \text{ kmph} = 18 \times \frac{5}{18} \text{ m/s} = 5 \text{ m/s}$$

L-Task
CUQ's

(10)



$$\text{Distance covered} = 3 \text{ m} + 2 \text{ m} = 5 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Displacement} = 3\hat{j} + 2(-\hat{j}) = 3\hat{j} - 2\hat{j} = 1\hat{j} \text{ m}$$

$$|\text{Displacement}| = |1\hat{j}| = 1 \text{ m}$$

See main level

(1)

$$\text{distance} = 600 \text{ cm} \\ = 6 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{time} = 5 \text{ min} \\ = 5 \times 60 \text{ sec}$$

$$\text{speed} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}}$$

$$= \frac{6}{5 \times 60} = \frac{1}{50} \text{ m/sec}$$

$$= \frac{1}{50} \times \frac{1800}{5} \times 1000 = \frac{36}{5} = 7.2 \text{ kmph}$$

(2)

$$\frac{\text{speed}_{\text{car}}}{\text{speed}_{\text{train}}} = \frac{\frac{600}{2}}{\frac{75 \times 10^3}{50}}$$

$$= \frac{600}{2} \times \frac{50}{75 \times 10^3}$$

$$= \frac{6}{30} = \frac{1}{5}$$

③

$$\text{radius} = 14 \text{ m}$$

For 10 times the distance covered = 10 × Circumference

$$= 10 \times 2\pi r$$

$$= 10 \times 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 14^2$$

$$= 880 \text{ m}$$

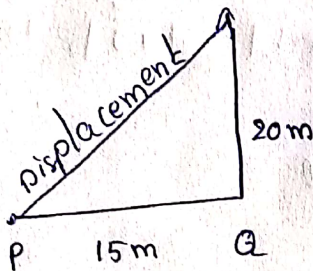
$$\text{Speed} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{time}} = \frac{880}{60 \times 10} = \frac{44}{30} = 1.46 \text{ m/s}$$

④

$$\text{Speed} = 35 \text{ kmph}; \quad \text{time} = 12 \text{ min} = 12 \times \frac{1}{60} \text{ hr} = \frac{1}{5} \text{ hr}$$

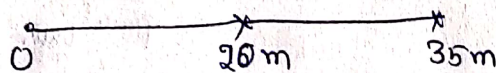
$$\text{Distance} = \text{speed} \times \text{time} = 35 \times \frac{1}{5} = 7 \text{ hr.}$$

⑤



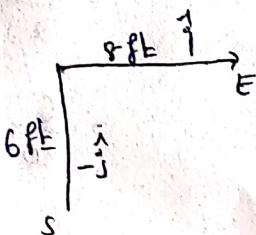
$$\text{displacement} = \sqrt{(15)^2 + (20)^2} = \sqrt{225 + 400} = \sqrt{625} = 25 \text{ m}$$

⑥



$$\text{Displacement} = 35 - 20 = 15 \text{ m}$$

⑦

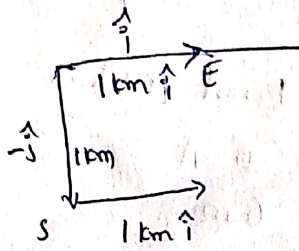


$$\text{Distance} = \text{Path length covered} = 6 \text{ ft} + 8 \text{ ft} = 14 \text{ ft}$$

$$\text{Displacement} = 8\hat{i} + 6(-\hat{j}) = 8\hat{i} - 6\hat{j}$$

$$|\text{Displacement}| = \sqrt{8^2 + (-6)^2} = \sqrt{64 + 36} = \sqrt{100} = 10 \text{ ft}$$

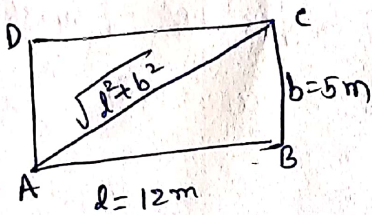
(8)



$$\text{Displacement} = 1\hat{i} + 1(-\hat{j}) + 1\hat{j} = 2\hat{i}$$

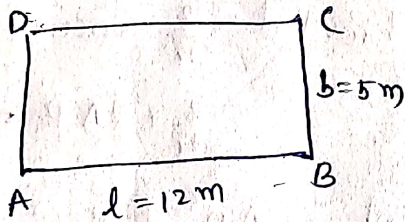
$$|\text{Displacement}| = \sqrt{2^2 + 0^2} = \sqrt{4} = 2 \text{ km}$$

(9)



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Displacement} &= \sqrt{l^2 + b^2} = \sqrt{12^2 + 5^2} \\ &= \sqrt{144 + 25} = \sqrt{169} \\ &= 13 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

(10)



For one round

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The distance travelled} &= 2(l + b) \\ &= 2(12 + 5) = 2 \times 17 = 34 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

(13)

$$\text{Velocity} = 45 \text{ kmph} = 45 \times \frac{5}{18} \text{ m/sec}$$

$$\text{Distance} = \text{Velocity} \times \text{time}$$

$$= 45 \times 1$$

$$= 45 \text{ km}$$

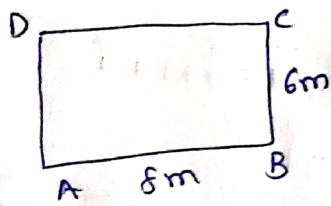
$$\text{Distance} = 45 \times \frac{5}{18} \times \frac{1000}{60}$$

$$= 750 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Distance} = 45 \times \frac{5}{18} \times 1$$

$$= 12.5 \text{ m}$$

(15)



From the fig $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow D$

Displacement = Final position - Initial position

$$= D - A$$

$$= 6 \text{ m}$$

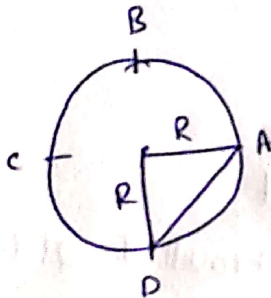
To reach $A \rightarrow C$

$$\text{Displacement} = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{8^2 + 6^2} = \sqrt{64 + 36}$$

$$= \sqrt{100} = 10 \text{ m}$$

(16)



For $\frac{3}{4}$ of rotation

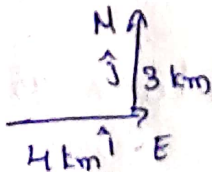
Distance travelled = $\frac{3}{4} \times \text{circumference of a circle}$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \times 2\pi R = \frac{3}{2} \pi R$$

$$\text{Displacement} = AD = \sqrt{R^2 + R^2} = \sqrt{2} R$$

$$\therefore \text{Distance} : \text{Displacement} = \frac{3\pi R}{2} : \sqrt{2} R = 3\pi : 2\sqrt{2}$$

(17)



$$\text{Displacement} = 4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}$$

$$|\text{Displacement}| = \sqrt{4^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{16 + 9} = \sqrt{25} = 5 \text{ km}$$

Time = 2 sec

$$\text{velocity} = \frac{\text{Displacement}}{\text{time}} = \frac{5}{2} = 2.5 \text{ km/sec}$$